

1. Identification

Product identifier	Bleach 4%	
	,	ening of garments, stain and mould removal. This
	Always spot test to ensure surface s	room surfaces, floors, cutlery and clothing garments. uitability prior to use.
	Company Name	Chemwell Pty Ltd
or importer		ABN 94 155 544 040
•	Address	3 Clive St, Springvale, VIC, 3171
,	Phone	03 9558 5678
	Email	chemwell@chemwell.com.au
•	Website	www.chemwell.com.au
Emergency phone	Police, Fire & Ambulance	000
number		
	Poisons Information Centre	13 11 26

2. Hazard(s) Identification

This material is hazardous according to criteria of Safe Work Australia.

NOT considered as a 'Dangerous Good' by the Australian Code for transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail, IATA and IMDG/IMSBC.

Classification of the	Acute Aquatic Toxicity 2
hazardous chemical	Eye Damage/Irritation 1
	Skin Corrosion/Irritation 2
Hazard symbols	
Signal word(s)	Danger
Hazard statement(s)	H315 - Causes skin irritation
	H318 - Causes serious eye damage
	H401 - Toxic to aquatic life



Precautionary statement(s)	Prevention	P264 - Wash thoroughly after handling. P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. P273 - Avoid release to the environment.
	Response	P302+352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. P321 - Specific treatment (see on this label). P332+313 - If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. P362 - Take off contaminated clothing. P305+351+338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do – continue rinsing.
	Storage	P310 - Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.
	Disposal	P501 - Dispose of contents/container to in accordance with local regulation.

3. Composition and Information on Ingredients

Name	Proportion
Sodium Hypochlorite	<10%

Disclosure of ingredients is only required if an ingredient causes the classification of the chemical to include a hazard class and hazard category in the following list:

- Acute toxicity (oral, dermal and inhalation) Category 1 to 4
- Respiratory sensitiser Category 1
- Skin sensitiser Category 1
- Mutagenicity Category 1 or 2
- Carcinogenicity Category 1 or 2
- Toxic to reproduction Category 1 or 2
- Target organ toxicity (single exposure) Category 1 or 2
- Target organ toxicity (repeat exposure) Category 1 or 2
- Aspiration hazards Category 1
- Skin corrosion or irritation Category 1 or 2
- Serious eye damage or eye irritation Category 1 or 2A

4. First Aid Measures

Swallowed	Immediately rinse mouth out thoroughly with water and give water to drink. DO NOT induce	
	vomiting. Seek medical advice.	



Eye	Immediately irrigate eyes with large amounts of water for at least 15 minutes with eyelids held open. Take care not to rinse contaminated water into the non-affected eye. Removal of contact lenses after an eye injury should only be undertaken by skilled personnel. Seek medical advice.
Skin	Immediately wash affected area with large amounts of water. Remove any contaminated clothing and wash before re-use. Seek medical advice if pain or irritation persists.
Inhaled	For all but minor symptoms seek medical advice. Not considered a normal feature of use.
First Aid Facilities	Standard first aid facilities.
Advice to Doctor	Treat symptomatically based on judgement of doctor and individual reactions of patient.

5. Fire Fighting Measures

Suitable	
extinguishing	
equipment	Use water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, dry agent (carbon dioxide, dry chemical powder).
Specific	During a fire, smoke may contain the original material in addition to combustion products of varying
hazards arising	composition which may be toxic and/or irritating. Hazardous products of combustion for each
from the	ingredient are:
chemical	Ingredient 0) Under fire conditions this product may emit toxic and/or irritating vapours and gases
	including chlorine gas and hydrogen chloride gas.
Special	Wear positive-pressure, self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and protective fire fighting
protective	clothing (includes fire fighting helmet, coat, trousers, boots, and gloves). Avoid contact with this
equipment and	material during fire fighting operations. If contact is likely, change to full chemical resistant fire
precautions for	fighting clothing with self-contained breathing apparatus. If this is not available, wear full chemical
fire fighters	resistant clothing with self-contained breathing apparatus and fight fire from a remote location. For
	protective equipment in post-fire or non-fire clean-up situations, refer to the relevant section.
	Container may rupture from gas generation in a fire situation. Violent steam generation or eruption
	may occur upon application of direct water stream to hot liquids.
	HazChem (EAC): 2X

6. Accidental Release Measures

Personal precautions,	Personnel involved in the clean-up should wear protective clothing as listed in
protective equipment and	section 8. Use clean, non-sparking tools and equipment. Avoid breathing vapours and
emergency procedures	contact with skin and eyes. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.
	Eliminate all sources of ignition. Increase ventilation.



	Avoid walking through spilled product as it may be slippery. Stop leak if safe to do so. Clean up all spills immediately. Clear area of all unnecessary personnel.
Environmental precautions	Prevent from entering into soil, ditches, sewers, waterways and/or groundwater. See Section 12, Ecological Information.
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	Avoid walking through spilled product as it may be slippery. Stop leak if safe to do so. This may involve tipping container on its side. Clean up all spills immediately. Clear area of all unnecessary personnel. If safe to do so repack leaking container into new container.
	Place inert, absorbent, non-combustible material onto spillage. Wipe up. Place in a suitable, labelled container for waste disposal.

7. Handling and Storage

Handling	Observe good personal hygiene practices and recommended procedures. Wash thoroughly after handling.
	Check Section 8 for details of personal protective measures, and make sure that those measures are
	followed. The measures detailed below under "Storage" should be followed during handling in order to
	minimise risks to persons using the product in the counteractingly workplace. Also, avoid contact or
	contamination of product with incompatible materials listed in Section 10.
Storage	Storage

8. Exposure Controls and Personal Protection

Exposure	No value assigned for this specific material by Safe Work Australia. However, Exposure Standard(s)
standards	for ingredient(s) are:
	Ingredient 0)
	Chlorine: Peak Limitation = 3 mg/m3 (1 ppm)
	Sodium hydroxide: Peak Limitation = 2 mg/m3
Biological limits	Biological limits for ingredient(s) are:
	Ingredient 0)
	None specified.
Engineering	Engineering controls are used to remove a hazard or place a barrier between the worker and the
controls	hazard. Well-designed engineering controls can be highly effective in protecting workers and will
	typically be independent of worker interactions to provide this high level of protection. The basic
	types of engineering controls are: Process controls which involve changing the way a job activity
	or process is done to reduce the risk. Enclosure and/or isolation of emission source which keeps a



	selected hazard "physically" away from the worker and ventilation that strategically "adds"and "removes" air in the work environment.
Personal	Safety glasses with side shields.
protective	Chemical protective gloves.
equipment (PPE)	

9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Appearance (physical state, colour etc.)	A pale, straw liquid
Odour	Faint odour of chlorine
Odour threshold	Not specified
рН	11-12
Melting point/freezing point	Not specified
Initial boiling point and boiling range	Not specified
Flash point	Not flammable
Evaporation rate	Not specified
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not specified
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	Not specified
Rejonasus Factor	Not specified
Vapour pressure	Not specified
Vapour density	Not specified
Relative density	Not specified
Solubility	Soluble in water
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	Not specified
Auto-ignition temperature	Not specified
Decomposition temperature	Not specified
Viscosity	Not specified

10. Stability and Reactivity

Reactivity	Reacts exothermically with acids.
Chemical stability	Stable under normal ambient storage and handling conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	No data available.
Conditions to avoid	No data available.
Incompatible materials	No data available.



Hazardous decomposition products See section 5.

11. Toxicological Information

Acute Toxicity, Dermal	Not Applicable
Acute Toxicity, Dusts And Mists	Not Applicable
Acute Toxicity, Gases	Not Applicable
Acute Toxicity, Inhalation	Not Applicable
Acute Toxicity, Oral	Not Applicable
Acute Toxicity, Vapours	Not Applicable
Skin Corrosion/Irritation	Category 2
Eye Damage/Irritation	Category 1
Respiratory Sensitization	Not Applicable
Skin Sensitization	Not Applicable
Germ Cell Mutagens	Not Applicable
Carcinogenicity	Not Applicable
Reproductive Toxicity	Not Applicable
Specific Target Organ Toxicity RE	Not Applicable
Specific Target Organ Toxicity SE	Not Applicable
Aspiration Hazard	Not Applicable

Toxicological Information for Sodium Hypochlorite

No adverse health effects expected if the product is handled in accordance with this Safety Data Sheet and the product label. Symptoms or effects that may arise if the product is mishandled and overexposure occurs are:

Ingestion:

Swallowing can result in nausea, vomiting, diarrhoea, abdominal pain and chemical burns to the gastrointestinal tract.

Eye contact:

A severe eye irritant. Corrosive to eyes; contact can cause corneal burns. Contamination of eyes can result in permanent injury.

Skin contact:

Contact with skin will result in severe irritation. Corrosive to skin - may cause skin burns.

Inhalation:

Breathing in mists or aerosols may produce respiratory irritation. Delayed (up to 48 hours) fluid build-up in the lungs may occur.

Acute toxicity: No LD50 data available for the product. For the constituent SODIUM HYPOCHLORITE: Oral LD50 (mice): 5800 mg/kg

Serious eye damage/irritation:



Moderate irritant (rabbit). Standard Draize test

Chronic effects: No information available for the product.

12. Ecological Information

Acute Aquatic Toxicity	Category 2
Chronic Aquatic Toxicity	Not Applicable

Ecological Information for Ingredient 1

Ecotoxicity Avoid contaminating waterways.

For SODIUM HYPOCHLORITE:

Persistence/degradability: This material is biodegradable.

Aquatic toxicity: Very toxic to aquatic organisms.

48hr LC50 (fish): 0.07 - 5.9 mg/L.

Ecological Information for Ingredient 2

None specified.

13. Disposal considerations

Dispose of in accordance with all local, state and federal regulations. All empty packaging should be disposed of in accordance with Local, State, and Federal Regulations or recycled/reconditioned at an approved facility.

14. Transport Information

Not considered as a 'Dangerous Good' by the Australian Code for transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail, IATA and IMDG/IMSBC.

UN Number	Not applicable
Proper shipping name or Technical Name	
Transport hazard class	
Packing Group	
Environmental hazards for Transport Purposes	Classified as having an acute aquatic toxicity.
UFAC Code	TANZ 4F4E
Special Precautions for user	None specified
Additional Information	None specified
Hazchem or Emergency Action Code	2X



15. Regulatory Information

No information in this section.

16. Other information

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